You will find a few standard notations and definitions used for this test below.

- As is standard for factorials, we define $n! = (n)(n-1)(n-2)(n-3) \dots (2)(1)$.
- A *squarefree* positive integer will be a positive integer whose prime factorization contains no exponents greater than 1.
- Euler's totient function for positive integers, notated as $\varphi(n)$, will be the number of positive integers that are both less than or equal to *n* and relatively prime to *n*.

Good luck and have fun!

1.	What is the remain	nder when 2024 is	divide	ed by 11?				
	A. 0	B. 2	C.	5	D.	8	E.	NOTA
2.	Find the sum of the			100	D	140	Б	
	A. 52	B. 64	C.	100	D.	140	E.	NOTA
2								
3.	Compute the value A. 91	B. 221	-	247	D	323	E	NOTA
	11. 71	D . 221	C.	217	D.	525	L.	110111
4.	Find the value of l	cm(105, 182), gc	d(72	8 420)				
ч.	A. 76440	B. 77350		79540	D.	82450	E.	NOTA
5.	5. How many positive integers less than 2024 have an even number of positive integral divisors?							
	A. 44	B. 45		1979		1980		NOTA
6.	How many primes	are less than 120?						
	A. 30	B. 31	C.	32	D.	33	E.	NOTA

- 7.
 Which of the following numbers is composite?

 A. 26627
 B. 38547
 C. 45691
 D. 53003
 E. NOTA
- 8.
 How many integers are in the interval [1, 2024] and are relatively prime to 1001?

 A.
 568
 B.
 1396
 C.
 1456
 D.
 1458
 E.
 NOTA
- 9. The Fibonacci sequence has initial terms $F_0 = 0$, $F_1 = 1$ and the recurrence relation $F_{n+1} = F_n + F_{n-1}$ for all integers $n \ge 1$. What is the remainder when F_{2024} is divided by 21? A. 0 B. 5 C. 13 D. 18 E. NOTA

10. Sean can buy bowls of jajangmyeon in packs of 28 and 91. What is the largest number of bowls of jajangmyeon that he can't buy exactly using packs of 28 and 91?
A. 245 B. 252 C. 2429 D. 2436 E. NOTA

Samuel then shows Sean a store in Seoul that sells jajangmyeon in packs of 6. Now, Sean can buy bowls of jajangmyeon in packs of 6, 28, and 91. What is the largest number of bowls of jajangmyeon that he can't buy exactly using packs of 6, 28, and 91?
A. 141
B. 147
C. 267
D. 273
E. NOTA

- 12. How many terminal zeroes does $\binom{127}{39}$ have when expressed in base 2?A. 1B. 2C. 3D. 4E. NOTA
- 13. Jeffrey used his lunch money to buy a huge stack of Pokemon cards. He tries to split the stack into equal groups. When he tries to split the stack into 6 groups, he's left with 1 card. When he tries to split the stack into 14 groups, he's left with 11 cards. When he tries to split the stack into 26 groups, he's left with 9 cards. What's the least possible number of cards that Jeffrey could have bought?

A. 319 B. 607 C. 828 D. 1075 E. NOTA

14.	Find the value of $\sum_{d 30 \text{ and } d \in Z^+} \varphi(d)$							
	which is the summ A. 22			s d of 30. D. 34	E. NOTA			
15.	Find the value of		$\sum^{8} \varphi(3^n)$					
	A. 2187	B. 3281	$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varphi(S^{n})$ C. 6560	D. 6562	E. NOTA			
16.	Find the last 3 digi A. 201	ts of 7 ²⁰²⁴ . B. 401	C. 601	D. 801	E. NOTA			

17. Let S be the set of all integers n such that the value of the fraction $\frac{n^2-4n+43}{n-11}$ is an integer. Compute the summation

18. When 16! is computed, it results in 20 *ABC* 789 888 000. *A*, *B*, *C* are digits, and the spacing is for the sole purpose of readability. Compute the value of 100A + 10B + C.
A. 103 B. 229 C. 625 D. 922 E. NOTA

- 19. Consider the polynomial $f(x) = x^3 9x^2 + 23x 15$. Find the sum of all integers *n* that make |f(n)| a prime number (answer 0 if no such *n* exists).
 - A. -4 B. 0 C. 6 D. 10 E. NOTA
- 20. A positive integer n is chosen so there doesn't exist a tuple (a, b, c, d, e, f) of integers that satisfies the equation

$$a^4 + b^4 + c^4 + d^4 + e^4 + f^4 = n.$$

Which of the following could be a possible value of n? (Hint: consider x^4 modulo 16.)A. 2964B. 3127C. 3270D. 3489E. NOTA

21. What is the smallest positive integer k such that 41k leaves a remainder of 1 when divided by 181?

A. 42 B. 53 C. 106 D. 124 E. NOTA

^{22.} What is the remainder when $\binom{83}{58}$ is divided by 29? A. 1 B. 6 C. 13 D. 24 E. NOTA

23. What is the tenth smallest natural number that has exactly 6 positive factors?A. 52B. 63C. 68D. 75E. NOTA

24. Let $n = 36^{36} - 4^{36}$. What is the greatest power of 2 that divides into *n*? A. 2^{74} B. 2^{75} C. 2^{76} D. 2^{77} E. NOTA

25.	What is A. 18		ler w B.	when 33! is div 20	vided C.	-	D.	36	E.	NOTA
26.	the prim	e factors of	n.	_		ee and has exa	-	3 prime facto 6419	rs, fi E.	nd the sum of NOTA
27.	What is A. 58			when 12 ⁶⁷⁶ is 66	divic C.		D.	114	E.	NOTA
28.	Find the A. 1			n $\binom{44}{12}$ is divi 3			D.	9	E.	NOTA
29.	Find the A. 2	last nonzer	o dig B.	-	C.	6	D.	8	E.	NOTA
30.	How ma A. 3		n ai B.	re there such t 6	hat tl C.		²⁴ 73 is D.		itege E.	r? NOTA