Algebra 2 Individual Test January 2024 BC / AHS-PB Statewide Invitational Competition

The abbreviation NOTA, found in choice E of each question, means "None of The Above [Answers]" and should be chosen if choices A, B, C and D are not correct.

$$i = \sqrt{-1}$$
.

 $f^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse function for f(x).

- 1. Find the sum of the digits of the decimal form of $2^{2029} \cdot 5^{2024}$.
 - A. 0

B. 2

C. 5

- D. 6
- E. NOTA
- 2. Let $f(x) = 4 \cdot 8^{x+1}$. Find the value of k so that $f(2k) = \frac{1}{2}$.
 - A. -1
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 4
- E. NOTA
- 3. Solve $2 + \log_3(x) = \log_3(x+1)$ over the real numbers.
 - A. $\frac{1}{16}$
- B. $\frac{1}{8}$
- C. $\frac{1}{4}$
- D. $\frac{1}{2}$
- E. NOTA
- 4. A parabola has vertex (-6,2) and two x-intercepts, one positive and one negative. If the equation of the parabola is $y = ax^2 + bx + c$, then which of the coefficients (a, b, and c) are negative?
 - A. a only
- B. a,b only
- C. b,c only
- D. *a*,*b*,*c*
- E. NOTA

- 5. The graph of L_1 is a line with x-intercept 4 and y-intercept 3. The line L_2 has a graph perpendicular to L_1 and which contains the point (6, 2). Find the x coordinate of the point of intersection of L_1 and L_2 .
 - A. $\frac{102}{25}$
- B. $\frac{72}{25}$
- C. $\frac{22}{5}$
- D. $\frac{108}{25}$
- E. NOTA
- 6. Solve 2+|4-x| < x over the real numbers. Answers are in interval form.
 - A. (-3,3)
- B. (-3,4)
- C. $(4,\infty)$
- D. $(3,\infty)$
- E. NOTA
- 7. A two-digit number x has the value of y when its digits are reversed and x > y.
 If (x+y) is a perfect square integer, which of the following could be x?
 - A. 99
- B. 96
- C. 92 E. NOTA
- D. 63
- 8. For (x, y) the solution to the system of equations $2^{x+y} = 16$ and $2^{x-y} = \frac{1}{8}$, evaluate $9^x \cdot 4^y$.
 - A. 384
- B. $18\sqrt{2}$
- C. $16\sqrt{2}$
- D. 49.5
- E. NOTA

- 9. The discriminant of $4x^2 x\sqrt{2} + 1$ is twice the discriminant of $2x^2 + kx + k^2$. Give the positive value of k.
 - A. 14
- B. 7
- C. $\sqrt{7}$
- D. 1
- E. NOTA
- 10. The system $\begin{cases} y \ge 3x + 6 \\ 2x + 3y > k \end{cases}$

for k being a positive real constant has a solution graphed on the xy-plane. Which of the following points cannot be in the solution set of the system?

- A. (0,-k)
- B. (0,3k)
- C. (1,k)
- D. (-1,4k)
- E. NOTA
- 11. $f(x) = 4\sqrt{x-1} + 2$. Find the real value of x for which $f^{-1}(x+1) = 4$.
 - **A.** -1
- B. $1+4\sqrt{3}$
- **C**. 7
- D. 9
- E. NOTA
- 12. The graph of $y = x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ has two distinct real roots. There is a root of multiplicity 2 at $x = \frac{1}{2}$ and a root at x = 8. Give the value of b.
 - **A**. –9
- B. -8
- C. 4
- D. 33
- E. NOTA

- 13. The number 2024 can be written as the product of two positive integers, x and y, whose difference is as small as possible. What is |x-y|?
 - A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

- D. 4
- E. NOTA
- 14. The system S, defined as 4x-y=3 and 6x+4y=-1, has solution (a,b). Give the value of (a+b).
 - A. $-\frac{3}{2}$
- B. $-\frac{1}{2}$
- C. $\frac{1}{2}$
- D. $\frac{3}{2}$
- E. NOTA
- 15. When the polynomial P $2x^4 x^3 14x^2 + cx + d$ is divided by (2x-1), the remainder is 1 or $\frac{1}{2x-1}$. Give the value of c+2d.
 - A. 11
- B. 10
- C. 9
- D. -5
- E. NOTA
- 16. An ellipse has equation $4x^2 + y^2 = 4$, the endpoints of the major axis are at points (a,b) and (c,d). Find the value of $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + d^2$.
 - A. 2
- B. 4
- C. $2\sqrt{2}$
- D. 8
- E. NOTA

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- 17. The function $f(x) = x^2 4x + P$ has exactly one real root, at x = Q. The graph of f is lowered 100 units so that the new graph has two real roots, at x = R and x = S. Find Q + R + S.
 - A. 18
- B. 14
- C. 6
- D. 2
- E. NOTA
- 18. For the equation $x^2 x = 5$, with complex solutions $a_1 + b_1 i$ and $a_2 b_2 i$, find the product of the real components of the solutions, a_1 and a_2 .
 - A. -5
- B. -4
- C. $\frac{1}{4}$
- D. 21
- E. NOTA
- 19. $f(x) = x \cdot 6^x$. If $f(6) = f(-6) \cdot k$, find the value of k.
 - A. -6^{12}
- B. -6^2
- C. 6^2
- D. 6¹²
- E. NOTA
- 20. If $5^{2x} + 5 = 6.5^x$ then find the value of $x^2 + 1$.
 - A. 0

- B. 1
- C. 0 or 1
- D. 1 or 2
- E. NOTA

21. The solution to the system $a_1x + b_1y = c_1$ and $a_2x + b_2y = c_1$

$$a_1x + b_1y = c_1$$
 and $a_2x + b_2y = c_2$ has

x – coordinate given by $\frac{\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ -12 \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} 4 \end{vmatrix}}$

$$\begin{array}{c|cc}
 & 3 \\
 -12 & 5 \\
\hline
 & 4 & 3 \\
 -1 & 5 \\
\end{array}$$

when Cramer's Rule is used. Find the y – coordinate of the system.

- A. 0
- B. -1
- **C**. −2
- D. -4
- E. NOTA
- 22. For a domain of $x \ge 0$, suppose

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2^x \div \frac{1}{2} & \text{for } x < 3\\ 2^x \cdot \frac{1}{2} & \text{for } x \ge 3 \end{cases}$$

Find the value of f(0) + f(1) + f(2) + f(3) + f(4).

- A. 0
- B. 2
- C. 15.5
- D. 26
- E. NOTA
- 23. For c > 0, the points (c,96) and (5,c) lie on a line with slope c. Which of the following is an equation of that line?
 - A. y = 12x 48
- B. y = 8x 56
- C. y = 12x + 63
- D. y = 8x + 56
- E. NOTA
- 24. Which of the following is equal to $\frac{18^{30}}{2}$?
 - A. 3³⁰
- B. 6^{15}
- C. 3¹⁵
- D. 6^{12}
- E. NOTA

- 25. Suppose p is any positive integral multiple of 8 such that $p \ge 8$ and the expression $x^p + \frac{1}{x^p}$ has the same numerical result regardless of p. Consider the solution to the equation $x + \frac{1}{x} = \sqrt{3}$ solved over the complex numbers; then, find the value of $\left(x^{2024} + \frac{1}{x^{2024}}\right)$.
 - A. 3^{1012}
- B. 1
- C. 3*i*
- D. -1
- E. NOTA
- 26. For $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+2} \frac{1}{x-2}$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{x-1}$, the domain of g(f(x))is all real numbers over which of the following interval(s)?
 - A. $(-\infty, -2] \cup [2, \infty)$
 - B. $(-2,-1] \cup [1,2)$
 - C. (-2,2)
 - D. [1,2)
 - E. NOTA
- 27. For $f(x) = -x^3 + 14x^2 49x$ over the interval [-10,10], for how many integer values of x is f(x) < 0?
 - A. 15
- B. 14
- C. 10
- D. 9
- E. NOTA

28. For the equation

$$\log_6(\log_2(\log_2(\log_{60}(N))) = 2024$$
,

how many distinct prime factors does N have?

A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

- D. 6
- E. NOTA
- 29. The graphs of y = -|x+a| + b and y = |x| + c intersect at (6,3) and (-3,0). Find the value of a+b-c.
 - A. 9

B. 6

- C. 3
- D. 0
- E. NOTA
- 30. Given that $(2-2i)^8 = 2^p$, find the value of p.
 - A. 16
- B. 12
- C. 8
- D. 4
- E. NOTA